

ACCR QUALITY COMMITTEE SERVICE PLANNING PRINCIPLES

Elements of recovery-oriented service planning	Ways this indicator can be demonstrated		
Indicator	Individual Indicator/Outcome	By Program/Services	By County, Regional, or Statewide
1. The person(s) in recovery drives the recovery planning process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I decide on the goals of my service plan. • I decide about the services I want to receive. • I choose the people involved. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evidence that service plans use the goals chosen by the service user. • Evidence that a person chooses the services received. • Evidence of collaboration in planning 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regulatory standards support client/family driven plans. • Monitoring includes direct feedback from service users • Mandates uniformity in planning process
2. Service planning and the service system must be constructed in a way that encourages independence, develops natural community supports and provides for choice of services.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I choose the service system that I want to be involved. • I am encouraged to develop individual recovery strategies. • I am supported by friends and the community. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service system encourages clients to choose services they want. • Service plan considers methods that enhance self-sufficiency and community connections • Assessment is completed recognizing the person right to choose. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • County System has wide range of service to meet the needs of its population. • Mechanisms to support rehabilitation services at all levels of care • Mechanisms to support peer to peer and other peer support activities
3. Individuality should be recognized, respected and used in constructing unique plans.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I am respected. • I am treated as a unique individual. • My culture is recognized and respected. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cultural competence is a goal of all programs in the system. • Assessment should recognize the uniqueness of the individual and all his/her cultural influences. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supports culturally informed practices • Funding available for culturally specific outcome analysis
4. A wide variety of methods should be explored for developing an effective plan for change and growth.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I have explored a variety of ways to reach my goals. • My ideas and desires for change are part of my plan. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Planning presents all options that could be potential support to the person. • Adequate time is available to explore all options for planning • There is a flexible process for revising plans 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Information from County, State and Federal Resources are available by phone, website, and pamphlets to providers and persons in need of services. • Regulations specify need for an array of individualized services. • Incentives created for programs to allocate time for planning processes.
5. Successful working relationships are based on trust which is gained by communicating honestly and respectfully.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The people who work with me care about me. • I trust my service provider. • I am encouraged to be myself by those involved with my recovery services. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Staff does not use negative, stereotyping, or stigmatizing language • Staff encourages clients to pursue personal goals in treatment planning 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Establishes guidelines for professional-client interactions • Monitoring activities include interviews with clients directly and inquiry re: interactions with caregivers

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<p>6. A person's strengths must be identified before setting goals.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The service planning process helps me identify my strengths and assets. The strengths I have that will help me make the changes I want are recognized in my plan. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The provider uses a strength-based assessment. The organization values and employs persons in recovery Strengths and assets are used to identify methods for achieving desired outcomes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Qualified individuals in recovery are employed by government agencies. Standards for strengths based service planning have been developed Training for providers and consumers re: using strengths in planning is available
<p>7. Plans should be in easy to understand language that helps everyone involved work together.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I understand my plan because I helped develop it. My plan uses language that I choose and understand. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The service plan incorporates client's own words The service plan is in a simple format and is easy to understand 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monitoring activities include opportunities to speak with clients directly about their understanding of the plan. Standard elements of a simple and uniform planning format have been developed
<p>8. The individual's chosen support network should be involved whenever the individual decides it may be helpful</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I choose who helps me with my plan. People who can be supportive to me are identified and included in my plan. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide education on how to identify supports. Significant others' input is included according to client's wishes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides strong support for advocacy/peer support groups Supports training for family members re: recovery oriented services and participation in planning
<p>9. Ideas for progress toward goals must be tested within reasonable timeframes and reviewed at regularly defined times.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I choose the goals I work on and the time frame for achieving them. I choose how and when to measure my progress and achievements. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Easily measured (observable) actions are identified with the client to demonstrate progress Services to be used are clearly identified with the rationale for use 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uniform planning format is developed and implemented Monitoring activity includes methods to measure client's understanding of progress measurement
<p>10. Service plans should belong to the person(s) in recovery and be in a form that can be built upon and carried from one service provider to another.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I have a copy of my service plan that I can share with future helpers. All those who provide help to me use my plan. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clients are encouraged to hold a copy of their plan and to share it with persons of their choosing. Clients' existing plan is used to help formulate updates or new plans. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Standards have been developed for continuous planning processes across service types and time. Monitoring reviews processes for incorporating existing plans into updated service plan.
<p>11. The service plans should promote wellness for the whole individual. Plans should reflect ways to make healthy and personally meaningful choices for body, minds, and spirit.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I understand and use things I can do to keep myself mentally and physically healthy. I have an individual recovery plan with which my service plan can be used. My plan considers my whole life. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The planning process includes methods to maintain health and minimize setbacks Fully developed overall recovery plans are encouraged and the service plan is identified as one element of it. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Guidelines for interaction of individual recovery plans and service plans have been developed. Training re: health/wellness planning is supported and available.

